

$$\text{fi} \quad \mu = 0, \quad \chi, \quad \mu, \quad u - \mu u^2$$

, . . . $r = 0, \mu = 0$, (1.1) 1970. K 15 ,
 - fi / fi , - . A fi / fi -
 1-D 8,25,37 , - 2-D: $\|u_0\|_{L^1} < 4\pi/\chi$, -
 fi , . 11,3,22,21,26 , $\|u_0\|_{L^1} > 4\pi/\chi$,
 K - ≥ 3 -D 31,33 . 1,12
 M. F , 20 ,
 , K . O , K -
 $\mu > 0$ fi $n = 1, 2$,
 8,25,24,38 . 2-D fi (1.1) - -
 $0 = \Delta v - v + u$ fi (1.1) DE (1.1)
 fi 5 , $\mu > \frac{n \geq 3,}{(n-2)} \chi$ 30 . N ,
 $\mu \geq \frac{n-2}{n} \chi$ 10,14,40 . M , $\mu > \frac{(n-2)}{n} \chi$ 18,35 . C ,
 (1.1), Ω , fi μ
 μ_0 32 . A $\mu > \theta_0 \chi$
 θ_0 41 . A 3-D -fi
 (1.1) $\chi = 1$, -

$$E(\chi, \mu) = e^{\frac{\chi C_{\text{GN}}^2}{2(1, \frac{2}{\chi})} \left[\frac{(r+3)}{\mu} \|u_0\|_{L^1(\Omega)} + \frac{(r+1)^3}{4\mu^2} |\Omega| + \|\nabla v_0\|_{L^2(\Omega)}^2 + \frac{(r+2)^2}{2\mu^2} |\Omega| \right]}, \quad (1.5)$$

$$C_{\text{GN}} \quad \quad \quad \text{G} \quad \quad \quad \text{N} \quad \quad \quad \text{L} \quad \quad \quad 2.1 \quad \quad \quad : \\ C_{\text{GN}} := 2C_{\text{GN}}^2(4, 2, 1, \Omega). \quad (1.6)$$

$$\|u(t)\|_{L^\infty} \quad \|v(t)\|_{W^{1,\infty}} \\ \chi \quad \mu \quad 2\text{-D}. \quad 1.1 \\ \|(u+1) - (u+1)\|_{L^1} \quad 24,38; \quad 1.1 \quad \|u(t)\|_{L^2} \\ \|u(t)\|_{L^2}^2 \quad \|u(t)\|_{L^2}^2 :$$

$$\|u(t)\|_{L^2}^2 \leq E(\chi, \mu) \left\{ \|u_0\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{8 \cdot \{1, \frac{2}{\chi}\}}{C_{\text{GN}}^2} + \frac{(r+1)}{\mu} \|u_0\|_{L^1} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3\chi C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4} \left[\|u_0\|_{L^1} + \frac{(r+1)^2}{4\mu} |\Omega| \right]^4 + \frac{(r+1)^3}{4\mu^2} |\Omega| + \frac{8r^3}{9\mu^2} |\Omega| \right\}, \quad (1.7)$$

$$E \quad \text{fi} \quad (1.5) \quad C_{\text{GN}} \quad \text{fi} \quad (1.6). \text{ A} \quad \|u\|_{L^1}, \|\nabla v\|_{L^2} \\ u^2 \quad |\Delta v|^2, \quad \text{L} \quad 2.3 \quad 3.1, \quad 2\text{-D G} \quad \text{N} \\ y(t) = \|u(t)\|_{L^2}^2 + a \quad :$$

$$y'(t) \leq ky(t)z(t) + b, \quad z(t) = \|\Delta v(t)\|_{L^2}^2 \\ a, k, b > 0 \quad \text{ODI} \\ (1.7).$$

Lemma 2.3. For any $t \in [0, T]$, the nonnegative solution (u, v) to (1.1) satisfies

$$\|u\|_{L^1} \leq \|u_0\|_{L^1} + \frac{(r+1)^2}{4\mu} |\Omega| =: k_1 \quad (2.1)$$

and

$$\|\nabla v\|_{L^2}^2 \leq \frac{2}{\mu} \left[\|u_0\|_{L^1} + \frac{\mu}{2} \|\nabla v_0\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{(r+2)^2}{4\mu} |\Omega| \right] =: k_2. \quad (2.2)$$

Proof.

$$-\frac{1}{t} \int_{\Omega} u = r \int_{\Omega} u - \mu \int_{\Omega} u^2 \leq - \int_{\Omega} u + \frac{(r+1)^2}{4\mu} |\Omega|, \quad (2.3)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{t} \int_{\Omega} |\nabla v|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega} |\Delta v|^2 \leq - \int_{\Omega} |\nabla v|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega} u^2, \quad (2.4)$$

$$-\frac{1}{t} \int_{\Omega} (u + \frac{\mu}{2} |\nabla v|^2) + 2 \int_{\Omega} (u + \frac{\mu}{2} |\nabla v|^2) \leq \frac{(r+2)^2}{2\mu} |\Omega|. \quad (2.5)$$

$$\|u\|_{L^1} + \frac{\mu}{2} \|\nabla v\|_{L^2}^2 \leq \|u_0\|_{L^1} + \frac{\mu}{2} \|\nabla v_0\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{(r+2)^2}{4\mu} |\Omega|, \quad (2.6)$$

□

3. Chemotaxis vs. logistic on boundedness in 2-D

In 2-D, the KS model (1.1) is bounded in L^1 and L^2 norms. In [24, 38], it is shown that the solution (u, v) of the KS model (1.1) satisfies the following bounds for any $t \in [0, T - \tau]$, where $\tau \in (0, T]$ is a fixed constant.

Lemma 3.1. Given $\tau \in (0, T]$, then, for any $t \in [0, T - \tau]$, the solution (u, v) of the KS model (1.1) fulfills

$$\int_t^{t+\tau} \int_{\Omega} u^2 \leq \frac{(r+1)k_1}{\mu} \quad \{\tau, 1\} =: k_3 \quad \{\tau, 1\}, \quad (3.1)$$

$$\int_t^{t+\tau} \int_{\Omega} |\nabla v|^2 \leq k_2 \quad \{\tau, 1\} \quad (3.2)$$

and

$$\int_t^{t+\tau} \int_{\Omega} |\Delta v|^2 \leq (k_3 + k_2) \quad \{\tau, 1\} =: k_4 \quad \{\tau, 1\}. \quad (3.3)$$

Proof. For $t \in [0, T - \tau]$, the solution (u, v) of the KS model (1.1) satisfies the following bounds for any $t \in [0, T - \tau]$, where $\tau \in (0, T]$ is a fixed constant.

$$\mu \int_t^{t+\tau} \int_{\Omega} u^2 \leq r \int_t^{t+\tau} \int_{\Omega} u + \int_{\Omega} u \leq (r+1)k_1 \quad \{\tau, 1\},$$

$$(3.2) \quad (3.1). \quad (2.2). \quad N \quad , \quad (2.4) \quad (t, t + \tau) \quad (2.2) \quad (3.1)$$

$$\int_t^{t+\tau} \int_{\Omega} |\Delta v|^2(s) \leq \int_t^{t+\tau} \int_{\Omega} u^2(s) + \int_{\Omega} |\nabla v|^2(t) \leq (k_3 + k_2) \quad \{\tau,$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\int_{\Omega} u^4 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\int_{\Omega} |\Delta v|^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
& \leq C_{\text{GN}} \|\nabla u\|_{L^2} \|u\|_{L^2} \|\Delta v\|_{L^2} + k_1^2 C_{\text{GN}} \|\Delta v\|_{L^2} \\
& \leq \epsilon \|\nabla u\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4\epsilon} \|u\|_{L^2}^2 \|\Delta v\|_{L^2}^2 + \|\Delta v\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{k_1^4 C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4}.
\end{aligned} \tag{3.7}$$

I (3.7) (3.6),

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{t} \int_{\Omega} u^2 + \int_{\Omega} |\nabla u|^2 \\
& \leq \frac{\chi}{2} \left[\epsilon \|\nabla u\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4\epsilon} \|u\|_{L^2}^2 \|\Delta v\|_{L^2}^2 + \|\Delta v\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{k_1^4 C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4} \right] \\
& \quad + \int_{\Omega} u^2 (r - \mu u),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\epsilon := \left\{ 1, \frac{2}{\chi} \right\}, \tag{3.8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{t} \int_{\Omega} u^2 \leq \frac{\chi C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4\epsilon} \left(\|u\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{4\epsilon}{C_{\text{GN}}^2} \right) \|\Delta v\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{\chi k_1^4 C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4} + \frac{8r^3}{27\mu^2} |\Omega| \\
& =: k_5 y(t) z(t) + k_6,
\end{aligned} \tag{3.9}$$

$$k_5 = \frac{\chi C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4\epsilon}, \quad k_6 = \frac{\chi k_1^4 C_{\text{GN}}^2}{4} + \frac{8r^3}{27\mu^2} |\Omega|$$

$$y(t) = \|u\|_{L^2}^2 + \frac{4\epsilon}{C_{\text{GN}}^2}, \quad z(t) = \|\Delta v\|_{L^2}^2. \tag{3.10}$$

$$F \quad s \geq 0 \quad t \geq s, \quad (-k_5 \int_s^t z(\lambda) d\lambda) \tag{3.9},$$

$$y(t) \leq y(s) e^{k_5 \int_s^t z(\sigma) d\sigma} + k_6 \int_s^t e^{k_5 \int_\xi^t z(\sigma) d\sigma} d\xi, \quad \forall t \in [s, \infty) \cap [0, T]. \tag{3.11}$$

$$I \quad (3.1) \quad (3.3) \quad L \quad 3.1 \quad \text{fi} \quad y \quad z \tag{3.10}$$

$$y(s_i) = \frac{1}{\tau} \int_{i\tau}^{(i+1)\tau} y(s) ds \leq \left(k_3 + \frac{4\epsilon}{C_{\text{GN}}^2} \right) \quad \left\{ 1, \frac{1}{\tau} \right\} =: k_7 \quad \left\{ 1, \frac{1}{\tau} \right\} \tag{3.12}$$

$$\int_{i\tau}^{(i+1)\tau} z(s) ds \leq k_4 \quad \{\tau, 1\} \tag{3.13}$$

$$F \quad s_i \in [i\tau, (i+1)\tau] \quad t \in [0, \tau], \quad s=0 \tag{3.11} \quad i=0 \tag{3.13} \quad i < \frac{T}{\tau} - 1.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y(t) & \leq y(0) e^{k_5 \int_0^t z(\sigma) d\sigma} + k_6 \int_0^t e^{k_5 \int_0^\tau z(\sigma) d\sigma} d\xi \\
& \leq (y(0) + k_6) \quad \{\tau, 1\} \quad k_5 k_4 \quad \{\tau, 1\}.
\end{aligned} \tag{3.14}$$

$$N \quad t \in [\tau, 2\tau], \quad t < T, \quad s = s_0 \in [0, \tau] \tag{3.11} \tag{3.12} \tag{3.13}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y(t) &\leq y(s_0) e^{k_5 \int_{s_0}^t z(\sigma) \, d\sigma} + k_6 \int_{s_0}^t e^{k_5 \int_{s_0}^t z(\sigma) \, d\sigma} \, d\xi \\
&\leq y(s_0) e^{k_5 \int_0^{2\tau} z(\sigma) \, d\sigma} + k_6 \int_0^{2\tau} e^{k_5 \int_0^{2\tau} z(\sigma) \, d\sigma} \, d\sigma
\end{aligned}$$

Proof. I , - - v (1.1)

$$v(t) = {}^{t(\Delta-1)}v_0 + \int_0^t (t-s)^{(\Delta-1)}u(s) \, ds. \quad (3.19)$$

N , - $L^p \cdot L^q$ N , . 2,31 , , $1 \leq q \leq p \leq \infty$,
fi $k_8, k_9, k_{10} > 0$

$$\| {}^{t\Delta}w \|_{L^p} \leq k_8 \left(1 + t^{-\frac{n}{2}(\frac{1}{q}-\frac{1}{p})} \right) \| w \|_{L^q}, \quad \forall t > 0 \quad (3.20)$$

$$\| \nabla {}^{t\Delta}w \|_{L^q} \leq k_9 \| \nabla w \|_{L^\infty}, \quad \forall t > 0 \quad (3.21)$$

$$\| \nabla {}^{t\Delta}w \|_{L^p} \leq k_{10} \left(1 + t^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{n}{2}(\frac{1}{q}-\frac{1}{p})} \right) {}^{-\lambda_1 t} \| w \|_{L^q}, \quad \forall t > 0. \quad (3.22)$$

H , $\lambda_1 (> 0)$ fi $-\Delta$.
(3.20), (3.21) (3.22) (3.19) p, q (3.17), (3.18). □

Lemma 3.5. The u -component of the unique global-in-time classical solution to the KS minimal chemotaxis-logistic model (1.1) satisfies the uniform estimate

$$\| u(t) \|_{L^3} \leq C \left[1 + \frac{1}{\mu} + \frac{\chi^{\frac{8}{3}}}{\mu} M^{\frac{8}{3}}(\chi, \mu) E^{\frac{8}{3}}(\chi, \mu) \right], \quad (3.23)$$

for all $t \in (0, \infty)$ and for some C depending on u_0, v_0, r and $|\Omega|$, where M and E are defined by (1.4) and (1.5), respectively.

Proof. B L^2 - u (3.5) $\tau = 1$, L . 3.4 $n = 2$ $p = 2$,
 $1 < q < \infty$,

$$\| \nabla v(t) \|_{L^q} \leq CM(\chi, \mu)E(\chi, \mu). \quad (3.24)$$

M u - (1.1) u^2 , $\forall 8$,

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{t} \int_{\Omega} u^3 + 2 \int_{\Omega} u |\nabla u|^2 \\ &= 2\chi \int_{\Omega} u^2 \nabla u \nabla v + \int_{\Omega} (ru^3 - \mu u^4) \\ &\leq 2 \int_{\Omega} u |\nabla u|^2 + \frac{\chi^2}{2} \int_{\Omega} u^3 |\nabla v|^2 + \int_{\Omega} (ru^3 - \mu u^4) \\ &\leq 2 \int_{\Omega} u |\nabla u|^2 + \frac{\mu}{2} \int_{\Omega} u^4 + \frac{3^3 \chi^8}{2 \cdot 4^4 \mu^3} \int_{\Omega} |\nabla v|^8 + \int_{\Omega} (ru^3 - \mu u^4), \end{aligned}$$

$$ru^3 - \frac{\mu}{2} u^4 \leq -\frac{1}{3} u^3 + \frac{3^3 (r + \frac{1}{3})^4}{2^5 \mu^3}$$

$$-\frac{1}{t} \int_{\Omega} u^3 + \int_{\Omega} u^3 \leq \frac{3^4 \chi^8}{2 \cdot 4^4 \mu^3} \| \nabla v \|_{L^8}^8 + \frac{3^4 (r + \frac{1}{3})^4}{2^5 \mu^3} |\Omega|.$$

G ,

$$\| u \|_{L^3}^3 \leq \| u_0 \|_{L^3}^3 + \frac{3^4 \chi^8}{2 \cdot 4^4 \mu^3} \int_{t \in (0, \infty)} \| \nabla v(t) \|_{L^8}^8 + \frac{3^4 (r + \frac{1}{3})^4}{2^5 \mu^3} |\Omega|,$$

, (3.24) $q = 8$, (3.23). □

Proof of Theorem 1.1

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